

National Manual of Assets and Facilities Management

Volume 6, Chapter 6

BMS Maintenance Plan for Parks & Recreation

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BMS Maintenance Plan for Parks & Recreation

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BMS Maintenance Plan for Parks & Recreation

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BMS Maintenance Plan for Parks & Recreation

Table of Contents

1.0	PURPOSE	5
2.0	SCOPE	5
3.0	DEFINITIONS	5
4.0	REFERENCES	7
5.0	RESPONSIBILITIES	8
6.0	PROCESS	10
6.1	BMS Introduction	10
6.2	BMS Maintenance Strategy	11
6.3	Types of Maintenance	11
6.3.1	Planned Maintenance	11
6.4	Maintenance Planning & Scheduling	12
6.5	CMMS Requirements	13
6.6	Health and Safety	14
6.7	Risk Management	14
6.8	Quality Control and Quality Assurance	14
6.9	Spare Parts	15
6.10	BMS Maintenance Methodology	15
6.10.1	BMS Maintenance	15
6.10.2	Pre-requisites of BMS Maintenance	16
6.10.3	BMS and Integrated System Testing	17
7.0	ATTACHMENTS	18
	Attachment 1 – EOM-ZM0-PL-000061 – BMS Planned Maintenance Schedule	19



BMS Maintenance Plan for Parks & Recreation

1.0 PURPOSE

Successful Building Management System (BMS) maintenance planning for parks and recreation facility relies on conducting maintenance at the right time to the right level such that system performance may be optimized and equipment life may be maximized.

The purpose of this document is to provide each Entity within a parks and recreation facility with guidance in developing and improving maintenance management plans for its BMS. Furthermore, the document seeks to improve and enhance the Entity's overall understanding of BMS and convey best practice.

2.0 SCOPE

Guidance contained herein covers key elements of maintenance planning for BMS within parks and recreation Entity including, but not limited to: maintenance task management; optimizing BMS system efficiency; quality assurance; equipment efficiency; and health and safety of stakeholders, and the environment.

For the purpose of this document "parks and recreational facilities" has been defined as all buildings and structures, or parts thereof, which are under the ownership or control of a municipal Entity controlling parks and recreation in which the resources and services are provided for the purposes of leisure, entertainment, and recreational pursuits. Resources may be public spaces and facilities like parks, nature preserves, open space areas, greenways, trails, and built structures for sport, recreation, or arts programs.

The types of parks and recreational facilities considered within the document are to cover the following, but not limited to;

- Buildings of physical activities (sports, games, fitness, swimming.)
- Buildings for social activities (parties, banquets, picnics, etc.)
- Buildings for outdoor activities centers (camping, walking/ hiking, backpacking, etc.)

3.0 DEFINITIONS

Term	Definition
BACnet	Building Automation and Control networks
Basis of Design	A mandatory generated pre-construction document based on ASHRAE, LEED, and NFPA to prepare MEP systems manual, and commissioning documents
Best Practice	A method or technique that has been generally accepted as superior to any alternatives because it produces results that are superior to those achieved by other means or because it has become a standard way of doing things (e.g., a standard way of complying with legal or ethical requirements)
Calibrated Tools	Measurement tools that have a calibration requirement, either as a statutory or risk assessed requirement.
CEng	Chartered Engineer
Consumable	Physical part of an engineered system, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), or a cleaning, treatment, or preservative liquid or compound whose consumption or use as part of a maintenance task is necessary and predictable
Criticality	Typically, a 4-5 level ranking system that categorizes the importance of the component, asset, or maintenance task. Refer to Volume 2 Asset Management
Data Point Schedule	A table format which shall show the monitoring and control points for the equipment and system. Points such as control and monitoring as I/O points (Input and Output point to and from the controller)
Facility	The term for the group of fixed civil engineering assets that are not a building. For example, a bridge, a mast, a harbor



BMS Maintenance Plan for Parks & Recreation

Term	Definition
Frequency (FQ)	Refers to a cyclic time period
IEng	Incorporated Engineer
Maintenance Levels	The complexity of maintenance activity. For example, level 1: reset, level 2: Predicative Maintenance, level 3: monthly related to the skillset/competence level and experience of the operative. Sometimes referred to as Task Level
Maintenance Program/Schedule	Refers to the time basis of the delivery activity.
Monitor/Head end PC	See engineering equipment's, systems' status for monitoring and control the operations
Parameter	The name of a unit or metric. For example, 'pressure', 'hertz', 'temperature'
Permit to Work	A safety management documented system adopted by most organizations for management of work activities
Point of Work Risk Assessment	A short checklist that operatives refer to at the 'location of' and immediately before carrying out a task.
Process and Instrumentation Diagram	A schematic presentation which shows the equipment field devices and input/output modules and Direct Digital Controller (DDC) to comprehend the functional logic of the equipment and system
Quality Assurance	Method by which to assess that quality standards are being met
Regime	The collective noun for Maintenance Plan applied to an asset, system, facility, or building
Run to Failure	A maintenance strategy where the asset is deliberately not maintained but allowed to run until it fails
Test	Verifying by means of observation or measurement that the system meets the expected and/or acceptable requirements
Threshold	Numerical value of a parameter at which a decision is made.
Sequence of Operation	A written explanation and description on the MEP systems how the systems are intended to work
Abbreviations	
ASHRAE	American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers
BMS	Building Management System
BOD	Basis of Design
BOM	Bill of Materials
CIBSE	Chartered Institution of Building Services Engineers
CMMS	Computerized Maintenance Management System
CPU	Central Processing Unit
ECV	Exhaust Control Volume
ELV	Extra Low Voltage
FDD	Fault Detection and Diagnostics
FM	Facilities Management
GUI	Graphical User Interface
HSSE	Health, Safety, Security, and Environment
I/O	Input/output
IT	Information Technology
JHA	Job Hazard Analysis (see POWRA)
LEED	Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design
LV	Low Voltage
MEP	Mechanical, Electrical, and Plumbing
NAE	Network Automation Engine
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
NMA&FM	National Manual for Assets and Facilities Management



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Term	Definition
O&M	Operations and Maintenance
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
PAR	Periodic Automatic Replenishment
PAT	Portable Appliance Test
PC	Personal Computer
P&ID	Process and Instrumentation Diagram
PM	Planned Maintenance
POWRA	Point of Work Risk Assessment
PPE	Personal Protective Equipment
PTW	Permit to Work
QA	Quality Assurance
QC	Quality Control
RAMS	Risk Assessment and Method Statement
RTF	Run to Failure
SC	Statutory Compliance
SOO	Sequence of Operation
UPS	Uninterruptible Power Supply
VAV	Variable Air Volume
VCV	Volume Controlled Ventilation
VDU	Visual Display Unit

Table 1

4.0 REFERENCES

- Chartered Institution of Building Services Engineers (CIBSE) - Building Automation System
- American Society of Refrigeration and Air Conditioning (ASHRAE 13) – Specifying Building Automation Systems
- SFG 20 - Standard Maintenance Specification for Building Services
- EPM-KEO-GL-000009 - BMS and Mechanical system integration guideline
- EPM-KEO-GL-000007 - Extra Low Voltage (ELV) systems integration guideline
- EOM-ZW0-GL-000002 - Maintenance Procedure Writers Guide
- EPM-KT0-TP-000051 - Graphics Testing Template
- National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 101) – Life safety code
- National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 72) - National Fire Alarm and Signaling code
- National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 1194) – Standard for recreational vehicle parks and camp grounds
- National Recreation and Park Association (NRPA)
- National Manual of Assets and Facilities Management – Volume 10: Health, Safety, Security, and Environment (HSSE)
- National Manual of Assets and Facilities Management – Volume 12: Risk Management
- National Manual of Assets and Facilities Management – Volume 11: Quality
- National Manual of Assets and Facilities Management – Volume 2: Asset Management
- National Manual of Assets and Facilities Management – Volume 4: Financial Planning
- National Manual of Assets and Facilities Management – Volume 7: Work Control



5.0 RESPONSIBILITIES

Only trained and competent persons should be appointed by management to perform maintenance tasks on BMS systems. Key personnel are described in the below table. Figure 1 describes the process which maps these responsibilities to the action of planning and implementing Planned Maintenance.

Designation	Responsibilities
Authorized Person – LV/ELV	An individual possessing adequate technical knowledge and received appropriate training to be responsible for the practical implementation and operation of management's safety policies and procedures
Authorizing Engineer – Low Voltage	A Chartered Engineer (CEng) or Incorporated Electrical Engineer (IEng) with appropriate experience and possessing the necessary authority to implement, administer, and monitor safety arrangements for LV electrical supply and distribution systems. This individual ensures safety compliance, assesses, and appoints candidates in writing, to be Authorized Persons.
BMS Operator	An authorized individual who operates BMS/EMCS.
Competent Person – LV/ELV	An individual who on the opinion of an authorized person has sufficient technical knowledge and experience to prevent danger when carrying out operations on defined LV systems
Designated Person – Electrical	An individual who has overall authority and responsibility for the premises containing the electrical supply and distribution system and has a duty to prepare and issue a general policy statement on health and safety at work
Duty Holder	A person on whom the 'electricity at work' regulations impose a duty in connection with safety
Maintenance Supervisor	A person of the engineering staff, BMS manufacturer, or Operations and Maintenance (O&M) organization, employed by management to carry out duties on BMS and can assign duties to BMS and instrumentation technician's

Table 2

BMS Network Integration Structure		
Levels	Operator	Function
'BMS managers' level	Facilities manager system administrator	Reporting energy M&T offline data analysis
Operations level central supervisor	Non-technical personnel (security, caretaker)	Response to alarm notifications and messages
	Specialist engineer	Reprogramming fault-finding expansion
Service tools	Specialist engineer	Monitoring reconfiguration Fault-finding
System level outstations	Non-technical personnel	Some local control of operations
	Specialist engineer	Parameter adjustment reprogramming Fault-finding
Zone level local control	Occupants	Set point adjustments

Table 3 - BMS Network Integration Structure

BMS Maintenance Plan for Parks & Recreation

Below figure provides an example of the process which maps these responsibilities in planning and implementing Planned Maintenance (PM).

Example of process flow to plan and implement PM

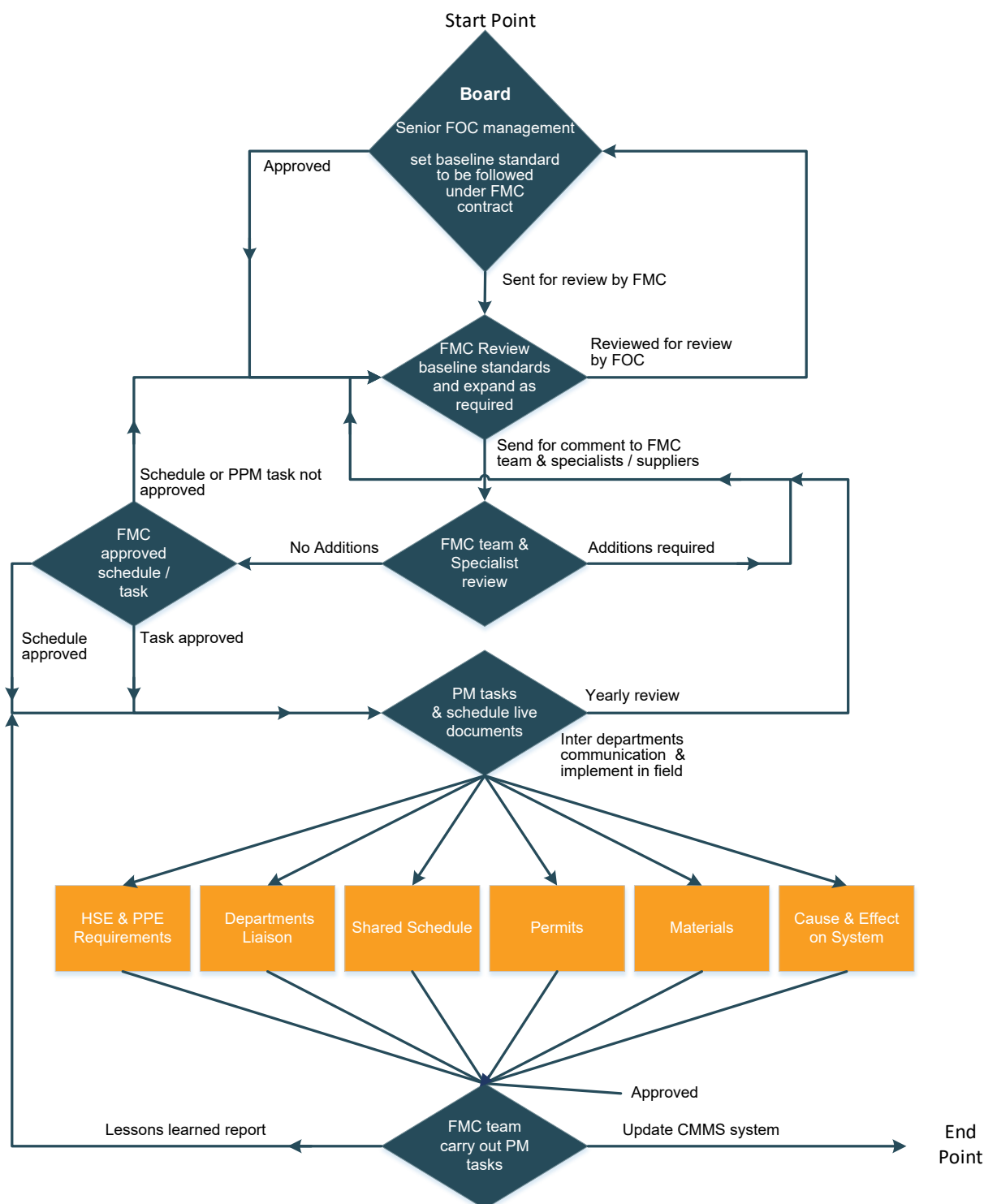


Figure 1: Roles & Responsibilities for PM Scheduling and Implementation



6.0 PROCESS

6.1 BMS Introduction

A BMS is a computer based approach to measuring, monitoring, and managing the performance of facility services such as heating, ventilation, air-conditioning, lighting, and security services. A BMS coordinates the operation of various utility systems in facilities services such as boilers, air handling units, life safety fans, and others. It gathers data from sensors such as light detectors or sensors that track occupancy, temperature, pressure, humidity, any customized /alarms monitoring within occupied/unoccupied areas of parks and recreation facility to create and retain a comfortable indoor environment. Additionally, it may or may not control process of specialized systems integrated to BMS within parks and recreation facilities.

Due to system wide approach to control all these engineering equipment's and systems, they can also make an important contribution to increased energy efficiency and reduced facility operating costs. This is particularly true if information from meters for electricity, gas, water, and other utilities is fed into the BMS. BMS monitors how much energy is being used and can also contribute in reducing energy consumption by turning down or turning off equipment according to usage.

Facility Managers can access it through user interfaces which includes Personal Computers (PCs), laptops, and handheld devices that can give them information on building performance in user friendly formats such as graphs, charts, and reports.

The key point in BMS is that it will only function according to the system configuration.

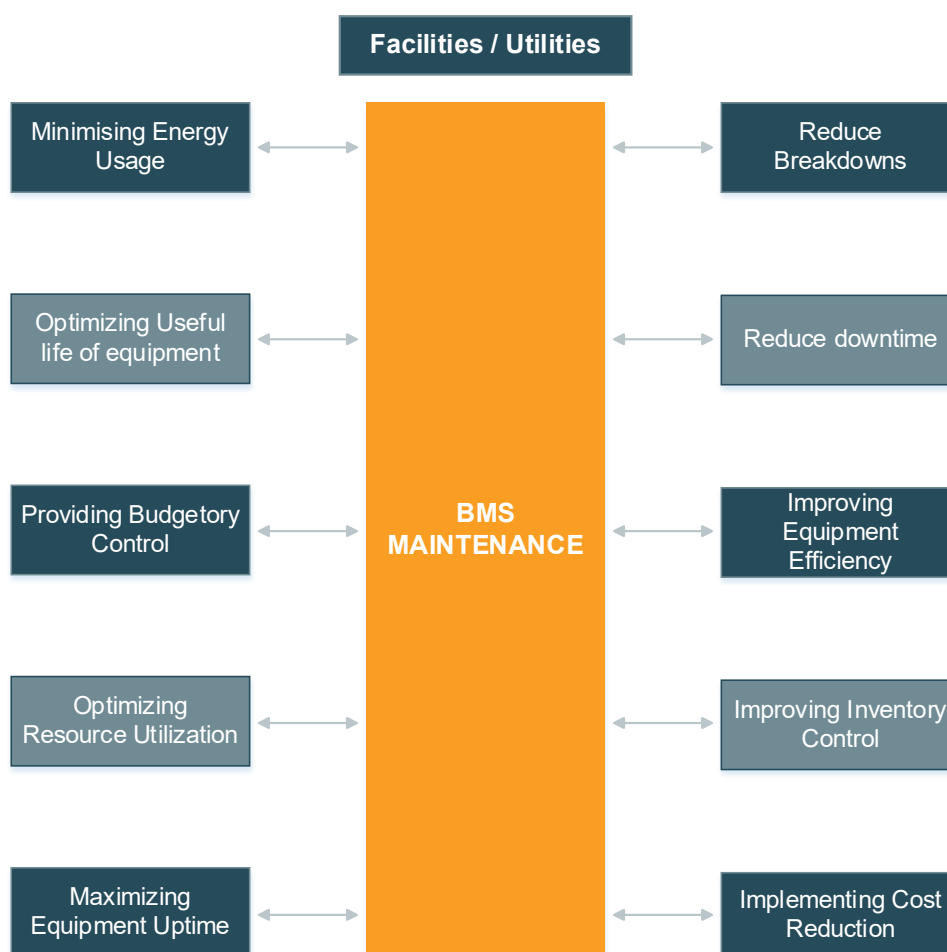


Figure 2: Advantages of a BMS System



6.2 BMS Maintenance Strategy

Maintenance is a combination of all technical, administrative, and managerial actions during the life cycle of an item, intended to retain it in or restore it into a state in which it can perform the required function. BMS maintenance shall cover tests, measurements, replacements, adjustments, and repairs intended to retain or restore a unit or equipment to a state where equipment or asset can perform a function. It is essential to keep and preserve equipment and facility in a functional state.

Below figure shows the various type of maintenance activities involved to operate and maintain a reliable BMS system.

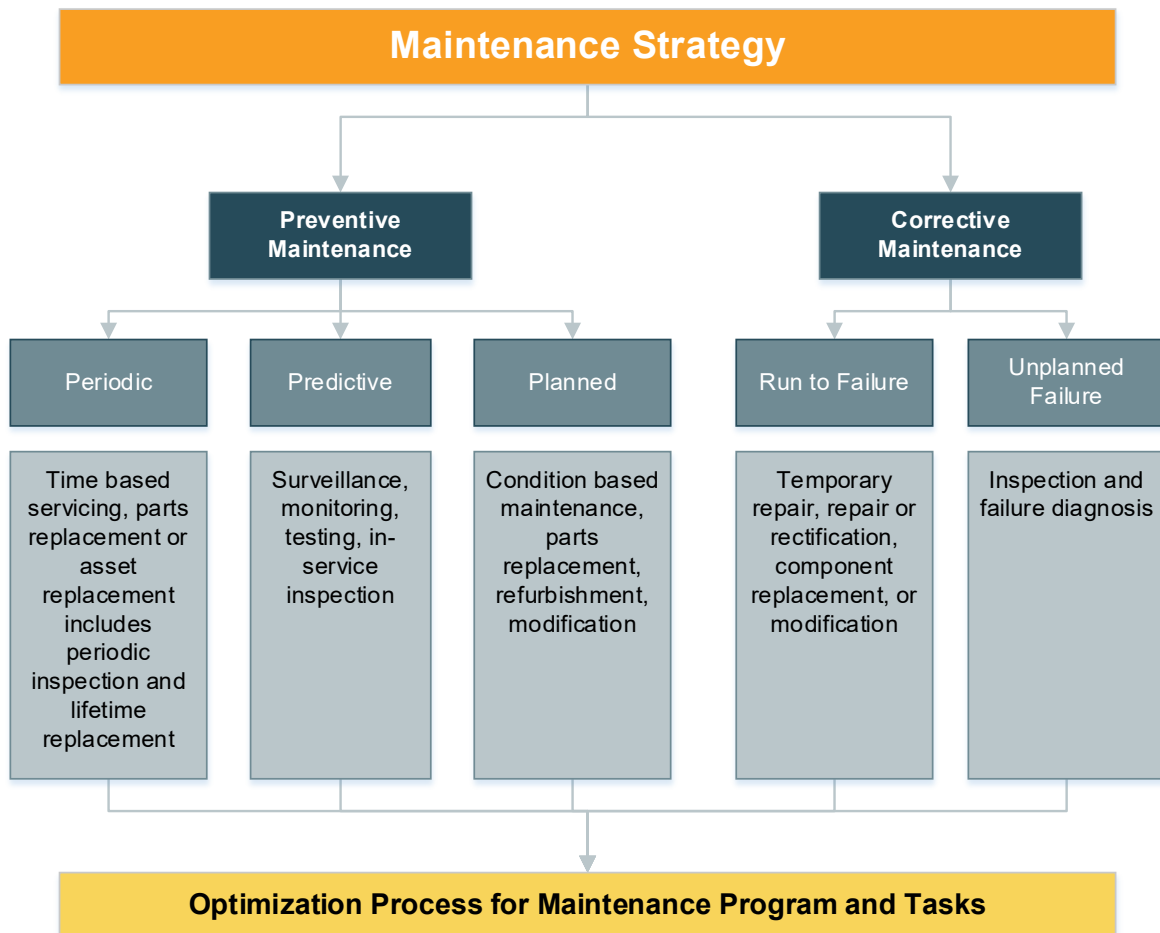


Figure 3: Relationship of Maintenance Concepts and Activities

6.3 Types of Maintenance

Depending on the Entity's asset management strategy, organizational maturity, and funding, the following types of maintenance may be applied to HVAC systems within each facility:

- Planned Maintenance: Preventive and Predictive (PM, PdM)
- Unplanned Maintenance: Corrective and Emergency (CM, EM)

This document focuses primarily on Planned Maintenance, other maintenance types are described within NMA & FM, Volume 6 Chapter 3 – Descriptions and Definitions (EOM-ZM0-PR-000002).

This document focuses primarily on Planned Maintenance.

6.3.1 Planned Maintenance



BMS Maintenance Plan for Parks & Recreation

Planned Maintenance (PM) is a regime that is carried out at predetermined intervals or frequencies on an asset to lessen the likelihood of its failing and to maintain equipment's safe running conditions and efficiencies while extending life and significantly reducing capital outlays. Planned Maintenance is performed before equipment failure takes place, and to eliminate unexpected breakdowns.

Key elements and advantages while scheduling and executing Planned Maintenance are:

- The care and servicing by personnel for the purpose of maintaining equipment and facilities in satisfactory operating condition by providing for systematic inspection, detection, and correction of incipient failures, either before they occur or before they develop into major defects
- Maintenance including tests, measurements, adjustments, and parts replacement, performed specifically to prevent faults from occurring
- To eliminate or mitigate the consequences of failure of equipment
- Planned maintenance and condition-based maintenance help to prevent failure
- Preserve and restore equipment reliability by replacing worn components before they actually fail
- Planned maintenance tasks include partial or complete changes, upgrades or partial major components replacement, minor or major adjustments, and so on

6.3.1.1 Statutory Requirements

BMS system maintenance shall be performed on assets which require regular maintenance/inspections at set intervals as specified by Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEM's) recommendations, and Statutory Compliance (SC) requirements. The BMS monitors and controls a wide range of systems such as: Heating Ventilation Air Conditioning (HVAC), Fire Alarm System (FAS), Fire Suppression System, customized alarms and surveillance systems, and lift management systems. It is these integrated systems shall be inspected and maintained according to the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), and Chartered Institute of Building Services and Engineers (CIBSE) standards.

A Planned Maintenance Program Procedure is provided within Volume 6, Chapter 3 of the NMA&FM (EOM-ZM0-PR-000003).

6.4 Maintenance Planning & Scheduling

Planning decides what, how, and time estimate for maintenance tasks. Schedules decide when and who will perform the maintenance tasks. Proper planning is a vital part in successfully managing the maintenance of equipment. Planners must collaborate with internal or external stakeholders to achieve optimum results. A comprehensive maintenance schedule shall be developed and equipment or assets should be listed in the maintenance schedule. When putting BMS maintenance schedule together, all maintenance activities, along with other department's recommendations, personal experiences, equipment history, and OEM recommendations shall be considered. Moreover, schedule shall define clearly the types of maintenance activities, like corrective maintenance, preventive maintenance, predictive maintenance 'run to fail' maintenance, and planned shutdowns. BMS integrates other engineering critical or non-critical assets. Hence, a proper briefed cause and effect matrix shall be considered to comprehend the full impact of maintenance on parks and recreation facility services.

Below elements shall be taken into consideration when planning and scheduling the BMS maintenance tasks.



BMS Maintenance Plan for Parks & Recreation

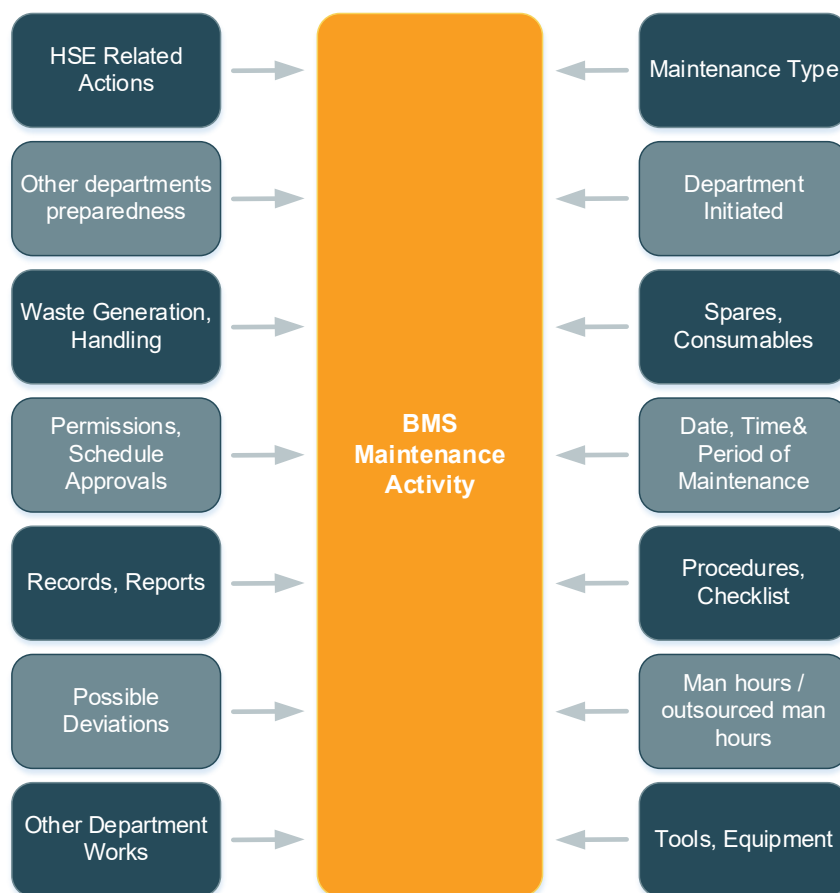


Figure 5: Pictorial Representation of Links of Maintenance Activity

The Entity should consider the specific requirements detailed in volume 7 Work Control, chapter 2 of Asset Management of National Manual of Assets and Facilities Management while requesting, prioritizing, scheduling and planning maintenance tasks.

6.5 CMMS Requirements

Each entity shall employ a Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS) or other Expro-approved centralized system to capture maintenance plans and outcomes. The CMMS shall feature ability to set threshold values against system parameters and execute trend analysis. BMS maintenance plans captured within CMMS shall:

- Feature a list of tasks numbered by priority, and associated frequencies.
- Enable decision making which supports optimized system performance, maximizes equipment life, and offers energy and cost-saving opportunities.

BMS maintenance plans captured within CMMS should also:

- Refer to an industry resource and feature site-specific guidelines to support maintenance activities
- Recommend the storage method for recorded values ('data points')
- Feature check points for additional parameters (record sheets shall be attached to work orders to validate the results during testing and maintenance)

The Entity should consider the specific requirements detailed in volume 2 Asset Management of National Manual of Assets and Facilities Management.



6.6 Health and Safety

BMS is a hazardous activity which involves working alongside equipment, a running system, or being in close contact with energized BMS devices. Maintenance activities which pose significant risk to people and to the BMS system are non-routine maintenance tasks, and those which involve exceptional working conditions such as confined spaces.

Regardless of the maintenance activity being undertaken, human error is a factor of maintenance activities which is most likely to lead to near misses, accidents, and system malfunction. Assuming that the BMS governs mechanical, electrical, plumbing and potentially specialized systems in park and recreation facilities within KSA, scheduled BMS maintenance during summer months, for example, requires activities to be executed such that downtime is minimized. Corrective BMS maintenance executed during the same period should be assigned the highest priority level to prevent discomfort to facility users, or damage to the assets and systems in operation.

Maintenance personnel are therefore required to plan maintenance appropriately based on analysis of system data and performance history, then work to reduce risk to people, the system, and the environment.

The Entity should consider the specific requirements detailed in volume 10 Health, Safety, Security & Environment (HSSE) of National Manual of Assets and Facilities Management to enable safe practices during maintenance activities.

6.7 Risk Management

The Maintenance team shall complete a comprehensive set of Risk Assessments and Method Statements (RAMS) covering every system within the parks and recreation facility. For task-specific activities, a Job Hazard Analysis (JHA) shall be conducted, using the content of RAMS as a basis for the JHA. Visitors, contractors, and others working under site specific Health and Safety plans shall all be included within all RAMS and shall sign onto JHA as required.

The below elements shall be considered when carrying out Risk Assessments for BMS maintenance:

- Identify hazards associated with each maintenance activity, for example: loss of BMS-controlled systems; impact on operation of facilities; data loss; corruption of BMS software, configurations, and applications; and equipment failure.
- Establish maintenance personnel, service providers, and facility users who are at risk as a result of the maintenance activity
- Quantitatively evaluate risks using a risk matrix (involve maintenance team, subject matter experts, and HSSE team in risk assessment process and hold a Risk Workshop as necessary)
- Take action – decide on mitigation measures needed, required investment, responsibilities and timeline
- Review the risk evaluation following implementation of mitigation measure
- Record findings

The Entity should consider the specific requirements detailed in volume 12, Risk Management of National Manual of Assets and Facilities Management for carrying risk assessment.

6.8 Quality Control and Quality Assurance

Quality Control (QC) represents the quality standards which shall be met by each entity. However, Quality Assurance (QA) is the method by which check that quality standards are being met and capturing opportunities for continuous improvement.

QC shall be determined by the content of BMS maintenance plans whilst, for example:

- Actions to be undertaken through maintenance are based on system-specific and site-specific performance data
- Frequency of maintenance is based upon OEM recommendations
- Data point thresholds which are set up in CMMS and used for refining maintenance plans



QA should be determined using a number of techniques and data analysis, for example:

- Findings deduced from CMMS data trending
- Checklists designed for each maintenance activity
- Permit to Work (PTW) which ensures a safe system of work to protect people from the system, but also limits human error by removing single point of failure through involvement of Authorized Persons.

The Entity should consider the specific requirements detailed in volume 11, Quality, of National Manual of Assets and Facilities Management for carrying risk assessment.

6.9 Spare Parts

Each entity shall ensure that a Bill of Materials (BOM) is established for the BMS and associated equipment. An asset hierarchy shall be established with equipment criticality identified in order to inform:

- Maintenance strategy
- Spare Parts List
- Running arrangements
- Risk assessments

The BOM shall include the following as a minimum:

- Part number
- Make and model
- Quantity
- Replacement cost
- Asset ID and location indicator

Parts/consumables with high failure rate shall be highlighted during maintenance activity and further analysis shall be performed to identify root cause analysis of the components failure. Wherever possible parts shall be performed in good time for maintenance activities to be undertaken. Facilities managers should also review Critical Spares stock holdings and review maintenance checks on these spares and components.

The Entity should consider the specific requirements detailed in Volume 4 (Financial Planning) of National Manual of Assets and Facilities Management to develop its life cycle model and to manage obsolescence management for BMS and its components.

6.10 BMS Maintenance Methodology

6.10.1 BMS Maintenance

The maintenance team shall establish a periodic maintenance schedule for the BMS system. This schedule shall cover: routine tests, visual inspections, and other Planned Maintenance activities against time.

BMS maintenance consists primarily of inspection, cleaning, lubrication, adjustments, calibrations, and replacing minor components parts (i.e. field devices, Direct Digital Controllers (DDCs), fan coil units, Variable Air Volumes (VAVs), BMS server and PC) to minimize malfunction, breakdown, and premature deterioration. BMS maintenance schedules shall also include integrity testing and functionality checks of: field devices and outstations, application software, and associated controllers.

The timely completion of planned maintenance tasks without compromising quality of the work will increase equipment reliability and service life. Depending on several factors, including: failure history; impact of failure (asset criticality); and cost of equipment replacement, planned maintenance tasks shall be scheduled at a prescribed frequency by the Maintenance Supervisor.

In the absence of OEM recommendations, the periodic maintenance schedule shall cover: weekly, monthly, quarterly, biannual, or annual maintenance as a minimum. Maintenance activities shall be applied against system boundaries, which are based on: asset tagging, asset hierarchy, and direction from the Maintenance Supervisor.



BMS Maintenance Plan for Parks & Recreation

As a minimum, the following BMS inspections shall be made to maintain system integrity against the Basis of Design (BOD) and Sequence of Operations (SOO) within each parks and recreation facility:

- Checking of controllers and supply power voltage
- Checking and verifying each Input/output (I/O) points for proper terminations from end to end during planned maintenance activity
- Termination tags
- Panels shall be free from dust and debris
- Controllers network communication
- Measuring sensors and transmitters data using handheld measuring devices and compare it with BMS data. Any deviation shall be recorded and actioned via work orders to eliminate the faults
- Simulation of switches and contacts e.g. pressure switches and relays and verification at BMS head end PC. All mismatch findings shall be recorded and correct
- Start/Stop/Operate all equipment connected to BMS including fan motors, cooling valve, electric duct heater, dampers, and humidifiers for their functionality. These shall get close/off when fan motor gets off. *Please refer to site specific BOD and SOO for inspection*
- Checking of process control logics by adjusting set points e.g. setting temperature set point below or above actual temperature. These shall modulate the cooling valve to meet the desired temperature set point. *Please refer to site specific BOD and SOO for inspection*
- Checking and verification of the reliability and functionality of all BMS workstations graphics and applications
- During maintenance, checking and verification shall be carried out to ensure BMS PC is free from unwanted programs and temporary files
- All gathered results and data shall be filled in Planned Maintenance sheets for references and use

6.10.2 Pre-requisites of BMS Maintenance

- Tools/Specialized Tool Kits/PPE
 - All software, databases, configuration tools, and analysis tools shall be used as needed during inspection and performance test
 - Measurement and calibration tools shall be Portable Appliance Test (PAT) tested and National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) certified
- Risk Assessment and Method Statement (RAMS)
 - Risk Assessment and a comprehensive Method Statement shall be in use as a safe practice of work. All results identified from risk assessments shall be documented and shall include and referred back to method statement for the completion of maintenance tasks
 - A person performing maintenance activity shall be deemed competent to carry put maintenance tasks on BMS and integrated equipment and systems
 - Shall have recognized qualification relevant to BMS and engineering
 - Shall have sufficient training and experience in BMS or electrical engineering field
 - JHA shall be carried by personnel carrying out maintenance
- Permit to Work (PTW)
 - Switching off any switch – fuse, power circuits, distribution boards, or mains circuit board that may affect any of the equipment associated to BMS controllers and server shall be subject to PTW authorized by an engineer or manager of the facility
 - All PTW shall include an approved RAMS to perform maintenance tasks
- Drawings/Schematics
 - The drawings/schematics shall be included along with PTW to identify the point of maintenance activities and consequences shall be marked up at planning stage
- Sequence of Operation (SOO)
 - Maintenance task shall include SOO so that process and system cause and effect shall be cleared and understood to all parties involved in the maintenance task
- Redundancy Planning



BMS Maintenance Plan for Parks & Recreation

- Parks and recreation facilities mostly cover critical equipment and systems, henceforth, it is essential to keep backup or stand by equipment ready whenever needed. While planning maintenance plans, a substantial level of planning shall be performed and redundant equipment or system to be used during emergencies shall be considered
- BMS equipment such as, but not limited to supervisory control PC, Network Automation Engine (NAE), DDC units, stand by units, main server, temporary server, and other essential equipment shall be available to manage BMS functions during any emergency into operations, any component failure, or during any planned maintenance activity. Cause and effect shall be comprehending during all scenarios and contingency plan shall be in place
- Documentation
 - Documentation is an essential element of maintenance tasks. Facilities operations team shall ensure that relevant documentation of the pre-maintenance tasks and post-maintenance tasks to be available with facilities technicians, Supervisors, and Engineers to track maintenance logs/records. Below documents shall be available within facilities team but not limited to:
 - Written maintenance procedure and RAMS
 - SOO
 - PTW
 - Drawings/Schematics
 - Task sheets
 - Work orders to record non-conformities
 - Others site-specific

6.10.3 BMS and Integrated System Testing

As a minimum, the following BMS maintenance fundamentals shall be included when developing task sheets and maintenance schedules for each BMS:

- Control strategy or application software functionality shall be checked
- BMS functionality check and integrated Mechanical, Electrical, and Plumbing (MEP) systems for parameters monitoring and control in accordance to the BOD
- Set Points – All set points shall be checked to ensure realistic values, thresholds, and operating ranges
- Time control – All time routines shall be checked
- Interlocks – All interlocks shall be checked
- Digital input (DI)/Digital output(DO) ranges shall be checked for voltage and current according to OEM standard and on the basis of design parameters
 - 0 to 10 V_{DC}
 - 4 to 20 mA
 - Contact closure
 - Pulse inputs
- Digital/Analog inputs on field devices such as flow switches, pressure sensors or differential pressure sensors, and DDC
- MEP systems ramp up/ramp down shall be checked according to the basis of design
- Start-up/Shut-down routines shall be checked for correct sequence
- Different Sequence of Operation (SOO) strategies during power failures, load demands, and when power is reinstated
- Cause and effect shall be checked according to the basis of design
- Monitoring status of valves, dampers etc. shall be checked
- Field wiring connections, interlock connections, and hard wire connection shall be checked
- Software points shall be checked
- Auto changeovers of integrated plant due to plant failures and auto changeover on running hours
- Sequence of events following the failure of the duty/stand by systems shall be checked
- Alarm Functions
 - The operation of each alarm function shall be checked
 - Time delay on each alarm function shall be checked



BMS Maintenance Plan for Parks & Recreation

- Level of category of alarm, its destination, and reporting method shall be checked
- Operation of alarm masking shall be checked
- GUI/Supervisory/Field Inspection and Check Points
 - Hard copies of BMS graphics shall be checked
 - Cyber security
 - Application/Software check/Firmware updates
 - User level modes and restrictions
 - Information Technology (IT) connections, speed, drive capacity, Graphical User Interface (GUI), bandwidth, time sync, server, redundancy, and security
 - Fault Detection and Diagnostics (FDD)
 - BMS Status (ON/OFF) and Commands status
 - BMS value (Running hours, voltage, current, pressure, running command status, frequency)
 - Alarms, trends, and communication
 - Building Automation and Control networks (BACnet) Master Slave Token Passing (MS/TP) Bus Address
 - Thermostats functionality and calibration
 - Temperature set points
 - Humidity
 - Supply air temperature
 - Room pressures
 - High-Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) filters (if applicable)
 - Design flow rates (L/sec)
 - Hot water temperature
 - Actuator commands
 - Exhaust control valves
 - Exhaust Control Volume (ECV)/Volume Controlled Ventilation (VCV) differential pressures
 - Damper positions/Actual flow rate
 - CO2 level
 - CO2 set point
 - Damper positions at high CO2 levels
 - Local controller operation
- Connected power supplies and devices according to system architect
- Backup power supplies and UPS devices that may be fitted
- NAEs/Controllers
 - NAE battery status
 - Fault status
 - Device counts/Overload
 - Online/Offline status
 - NAE object counts
 - Central Processing Units (CPU) temperatures
 - Board temperature
 - Panel temperature
 - Back up

Contained within Attachment 1 is a BMS Planned Maintenance Schedule presented in the form of a checklist. The Entity shall use the format presented within Attachment 1 to prepare its own site-specific BMS Planned Maintenance Schedule. While preparing its own BMS Planned Maintenance Schedule, the Entity shall ensure that aforementioned requirements are reflected as applicable, and that site-specific considerations are included.

7.0 ATTACHMENTS

1. Attachment 1 – EOM-ZM0-PL-000061 – BMS Planned Maintenance Schedule



BMS Maintenance Plan for Parks & Recreation

Attachment 1 – EOM-ZM0-PL-000061 – BMS Planned Maintenance Schedule

Building name:			Reference No.		Rev-00A		
Functional Critical Planned Maintenance BMS System							
Sr. No.	Item	FQ	Action	Notes	CHECKED SATISFACTORY		
					N/A	Yes	No
1	Supervisory PC/Micro based system						
1.1	Diagnostic routine on computer (where appropriate)	Biannual	Perform diagnostic tasks and check computer operation	This routine will check all aspects of computer hardware and software	☐	☐	☐
1.2	Clock and Calendar	Biannual	Check real-time clock and date settings		☐	☐	☐
1.3	Cooling Fans	Biannual	Check condition, clean and lubricate if necessary	Do not lubricate if sealed for life bearings. Wipe off any excess lubricant as it will attract dust which will stick to it	☐	☐	☐
1.4	Filters	Biannual	Check condition, clean and lubricate if necessary		☐	☐	☐
1.5	Software Archives	Biannual	- take back up copy of site-specific data files - verify operating programs and functionality	Ensure that security is retained and that any updating of files is incorporated. It is recommended that a copy of the back-up data is stored in a fireproof safe or off-site	☐	☐	☐
1.6	Cables and Connectors	Annual	Check security, integrity and for physical damage		☐	☐	☐
1.7	Discs and Drives	Annual	Clean according to the manufacturer's instructions		☐	☐	☐
1.8	Clock Battery	Annual	Check and replace, if necessary	Battery disposal should be in accordance with regulation and environmental requirements	☐	☐	☐
1.9	Mouse	Annual	Check for smooth operation and clean ball as necessary	More frequent cleaning can be implemented, if needed	☐	☐	☐
1.10	Visual Display Unit (VDU)/Monitors	Annual	Check: - Focus - Contrast - Brightness - For correct operation		☐	☐	☐
1.11	Keyboard	Annual	Check for correct operation and clean		☐	☐	☐
1.12	Cleaning	Annual	Clean with approved cleanser	Treat with anti-static compound. Depending on use and location, more frequent cleaning may be necessary	☐	☐	☐



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Sr. No.	Item	FQ	Action	Notes	CHECKED SATISFACTORY		
					N/A	Yes	No
1.13	Cables and Connectors	Annual	Check security, integrity, and for physical damage		☐	☐	☐
1.14	Cleaning	Annual	Use recommended cleaning agent	Remove paper or tape debris	☐	☐	☐
1.15	Test Sequence	Annual	Check, adjust and replace if necessary: - Paper feed - Transport system - Printer cartridge		☐	☐	☐
1.16	Consumables (Wherever applicable)	Annual	Clean stocks		☐	☐	☐
2.							
2.1	Data Communications	Annual	Check integrity of data flow in both directions	If more than one path exists, all must be verified	☐	☐	☐
2.2	Central Station units	Annual	Check operation and visually inspect. Check if environmental conditions of all equipment are within prescribed limits	To include modems, line drivers, telemetry cables, and interface units	☐	☐	☐
2.3	Central Station/ Outstations	Annual	Check integrity of data flow in both directions	If more than one data path exists, all must be verified. Caution – there may be interaction with specialist applications	☐	☐	☐
2.4	Connectors	Annual	Check security, integrity, and for damage		☐	☐	☐
2.5	Alarms Receiving	Annual	Confirm that all critical alarms are received by the central supervisor. Check spurious alarms and report faults (as incurred)		☐	☐	☐
2.6	Alarms Generating	Annual	Check generation of alarms from all input and output devices		☐	☐	☐
2.7	Network	Annual	Check communications between central supervisory computer and outstations and other networked devices		☐	☐	☐
3.							
3.1	Outstation Hardware	Annual	Check mechanical and environmental condition	Environmental conditions, e.g. temperature and humidity should be within manufacturer's recommended limits	☐	☐	☐
3.2	Connectors	Annual	Check security, integrity, and for damage	Includes security of incoming cables, prevention of ingress of moisture, door seals etc.	☐	☐	☐



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					N/A	Yes	No
3.3	Power Supplies	Annual	Carry out voltage check on all power supplies	Check automatic restart/rebooting of software program	☐	☐	☐
3.4	Stand-by batteries/Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)	Annual	Check against manufacturer's specification. Replace as necessary		☐	☐	☐
3.5	Digital Inputs	Annual	Check by activating sensing/control devices in field	Care shall be taken to isolate local operation	☐	☐	☐
3.6	Digital Outputs	Annual	Check operation of output stopping by operating routine (where appropriate). Check switching by software interlocks.		☐	☐	☐
3.7	Analogue Inputs	Annual	Read and check calibration of analogue inputs		☐	☐	☐
3.8	Analogue Outputs	Annual	Check for accuracy of output signal		☐	☐	☐
3.9	Manual Override (Physical)	Annual	Check status	Review, Record, and Report	☐	☐	☐
3.10	Installed Program	Annual	Check integrity, alarms, interlocks, optimization		☐	☐	☐
4							
4.1	Control Loops	Biannual	Check integrity of the installed program. Check sequence, operation of control, outputs and check stability of plant. Undertake as necessary fine tuning of control loops. Adjust settings in conjunction with the facility manager to achieve the required internal environmental conditions	Frequency should be agreed with client. This action should be related to the critical nature of the operation	☐	☐	☐
4.2	Optimized Start/Stop	Annual	Verify operation by interrogating software/hardware copy	Engineering system layouts and occupational requirements are seldom of a static nature. Therefore, control strategies and their suitability need to be reassessed on a regular basis	☐	☐	☐
4.3	Time Clock	Annual	Check real time clock and date for accuracy throughout system		☐	☐	☐



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					N/A	Yes	No
4.4	Time Switching	Annual	Review current operating parameters according to site needs	e.g. Time settings and schedules	☐	☐	☐
4.5	Data Logging	Annual	Review need for existing data logs. Delete/archive logs as required	Report to Management on the need to review existing arrangements	☐	☐	☐
4.6	Alarm - faults, out of limit alarms	Annual	Check that plant alarms and software interlocks with safety implications are operating correctly. Check alarm priorities, routings, and reactions. Check alarm priorities are appropriate	The checking of possible reactions to certain critical alarms and programs must be carefully coordinated with other trades and facility tenants. Where there are safety implications, verify alarm integrity. Review system of reporting outstanding alarm conditions and report discrepancies	☐	☐	☐
4.7	Alarm Management and Report	Annual	Review frequencies of generated alarms. Review alarm log records for indication of untoward conditions	Report and record if any non-conformance, as appropriate	☐	☐	☐
4.8	Power Failure and Restoration	Annual	Check plant startup/shutdown sequence and integration with other assets according to the logic	Report and record if any non-conformance, as appropriate	☐	☐	☐
4.9	Generator loading program	Annual	Check plant startup/shutdown sequence and integration with other assets according to the logic	Report and record if any non-conformance, as appropriate	☐	☐	☐
4.10	Maximum demand/load shedding	Annual	Check plant startup/shutdown sequence and integration with other assets according to the logic	Report and record if any non-conformance, as appropriate	☐	☐	☐
4.11	Load Cycling	Annual	Check operation	Report and record if any non-conformance, as appropriate	☐	☐	☐
4.12	Software Interlocks	Annual	Check and verify operation	Report and record if any non-conformance, as appropriate	☐	☐	☐
4.13	Manual status review/function	Annual	Check manual overrides and effect on system and effect on system operation	At site level, review parameters, lockouts, changes, all points in manual override, and forced analogue values. Review findings with client	☐	☐	☐
4.14	Outstations	Biannual	Back up all outstation files. Make two copies. Store one onsite and one offsite		☐	☐	☐



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					N/A	Yes	No
4.15	O&M	Annual	Advise where control strategy descriptions in operating and maintenance manuals are incorrect. Ensure, where appropriate, additional documentation meets all quality assurance procedures		☐	☐	☐
4.16	Schematics	Annual	Check schematics indicate correctly		☐	☐	☐
4.17	Logbooks	Daily	Maintain a logbook of all changes made to the system	As necessary to the site-specific requirements	☐	☐	☐
13.0	Specific Planned Maintenance Notes				☐	☐	☐
No.	Reviewer's Comments			Resolution			
	Originator's Name/Signature and Date:			Checker's Name/Signature and Date:			